1) What is the expansion of MTP \* A. Medical termination of parturition B. Mechanical transfer of pollen C. Medical termination of pregnancy D. Maternally transmitted pathogens 2) Which of the following is a hormone releasing IUD? \* A. LNG-20 B. Multiload-375 C. Lippes loop D. None of the above 3) Copper ions in IUDs \* A. prevent ovulation B. makes uterus unsuitable for implantation C. increases phagocytosis of sperms D. supress sperm motility 4) Which of the following is not characteristic of an ideal contraceptive? \* A. user friendly B. easily available C. least or no side effect D. uneffective and reversible 5) Which of the following is a natural method of contraception? \* A. condom B. IUDs C. Coitus interruptus D. sterilization 6) The misuse of amniocentesis is done by \* \* A. determining the disease in the pregnant mother B. confirming pregnancy C. determining the sex of the foetus D. confirming chromosomal disorder in the foetus 7) Which of the following is not a barrier method of contraception? \* A. Diaphragm B. Vaults C. Cervical cap D. lactational amenorrhea 8) Which of the following is not an Intra-Uterine Device? \* A. Lippes Loop B. Saheli C. CuT

D. Progestasert

## CHAPTER 4 REPRODUCTION HEALTH- MCQ WORKSHEET 1

9) Which statement about pills is not correct? \* A. taken daily for 21 days B. it can be started on any day of the menstrual cycle C. they inhibit ovulation and implantation D. they may contain progestogen-estrogen combinations 10) Which of the following statement is true? \* A. Tubectomy is done in males B. Vasectomy is done in females C. Fallopian tubes are cut and tied in vasectomy D. Tubectomy and vasectomy are sterilization methods 11)Which of the following is not a STD? \* A. Gonorrhoea B. Chlamydiasis C. Hepatitis-B D. Elephantiasis 12) Which of the following diseases is not completely curable? \* A. Hepatitis-B B. Syphilis C. Trichomoniasis D. Genital warts 13) In GIFT (Gamete intra fallopian transfer), \* A. ovum is transferred from a donor into fallopian tube B. sperm is directly injected into the ovum C. zygote with 8 blastomeres is transferred into fallopian tube D. zygote with more than 8 blastomeres if transferred into uterus 14) Progesterone in the contraceptive pills \* A. prevents ovulation B. changes the cervical mucus C. inhibits implantation D. performs all of the above 15) Which of the following birth control method can be considered the safest? \* A. barrier method B. terminating pregnancies C. Sterilisation D. using pills 16) Which part of the female reproductive system remains blocked after tubectomy? \* A. Fallopian tube B. Oviduct

C. Cervix

D. Uterine cavity

## CHAPTER 4 REPRODUCTION HEALTH- MCQ WORKSHEET 1

- 17) By which name is family planning currently known as? \*

  A. Reproductive and child care
  B. Family and child care
  C. Reproductive and child health
  D. Reproductive and child health care
- 18) What problems in reproductive health care require doctor's help? \*
  - A. STDs
  - B. Conception, Parturiton and abortion
  - C. Contraception, Infertility, Menstruation problem
  - D. All of the above
- 19) In IVF Technique zygote or early embryo is transferred into \*
  - A. Cervical canal
  - B. Uterus
  - C. Fallopian tube
  - D. Vagina
- 20) Test tube baby implies which of the following technique \*
  - A. IUI
  - B. ICSI
  - C. IVF
  - D. ZIFT